UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	V	
AMINAH L. MAJIED,	: : :	
Plaintiff,	:	16-CV-5731 (JMF)
-V-	:	MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER
NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	:	<u> </u>
et al.,	:	
	:	
Defendants.	:	
	: X	

JESSE M. FURMAN, District Judge:

On February 11, 2020, *pro se* Plaintiff filed a motion seeking to vacate the Court's judgment and order entered on January 10, 2018, and January 8, 2018, respectively. *See* ECF No. 41 ("Mot."); *see also* ECF Nos. 39 & 40. Defendants oppose the motion. *See* ECF No. 44. Although Plaintiff was invited to file a reply, *see* ECF No. 44, she did not.

For the reasons set forth in Defendants' letter, Plaintiff's motion is DENIED. In particular, Plaintiff's motion — liberally construed as a motion pursuant to Rule 60 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and filed more than two years after the Court granted Defendants' motions to dismiss and *sua sponte* dismissed Plaintiff's remaining claims — is untimely. Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(c)(1) ("A [motion to vacate] must be made within a reasonable time," and for the reasons cited in Plaintiff's motion, "no more than a year after the entry of judgment or order"). Even if the motion were timely filed, Plaintiff does not provide a compelling reason for the Court to overturn its previous orders or disrupt the finality of its judgment. Indeed, Plaintiff's motion is devoid of any indication that she possesses new, previously undiscoverable facts that would support a new filing; the facts that she does cite

previous orders. Nor does she show that the Court made any errors of law. *See, e.g., Kotlicky v. U.S. Fidelity & Guar. Co.*, 817 F.2d 6, 9 (2d Cir. 1987) ("Generally, courts require that the evidence in support of the motion to vacate a final judgment be highly convincing, that a party show good cause for the failure to act sooner, and that no undue hardship be imposed on other parties." (internal quotation marks and citations omitted)).

Accordingly, Plaintiff's motion is **denied with prejudice**. This Court certifies, pursuant to Title 28, United States Code, Section 1915(a)(3), that any appeal from this Memorandum Opinion and Order would not be taken in good faith, and in forma pauperis status is thus denied. See Coppedge v. United States, 369 U.S. 438, 444-45 (1962).

The Clerk of Court is directed to mail a copy of this Memorandum Opinion and Order to Plaintiff.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: April 23, 2020

New York, New York

JESSE M. FORMAN
United States District Judge